

Insulin Resistance & Chronic Disease — Evidence Summary

Pearson r correlation between IR prevalence and condition prevalence, USA & UK, 1975–2022. Ordered by number of people affected (highest first).

#	Condition	r (USA)	r (UK)	Strength	USA Prevalence	UK Prevalence	USA Rise 1975-2022	UK Rise 1975-2022
1	Hypertension All diagnosed high blood pressure	0.97	0.95	Dominant	~48% of adults	~30% of adults	+24% 25%→31%	+15% 26%→30%
2	Arthritis Osteoarthritis & rheumatoid arthritis	0.87	0.83	Strong	58M (~22%)	~10M (~15%)	+41% 13.5%→19.0%	+70% 10.0%→17.0%
3	Asthma All diagnosed asthma	0.89	0.85	Strong	8.2% (~27M)	12% (~8M)	+173% 3.0%→8.2%	+50% 8.0%→12.0%
4	IBS Irritable Bowel Syndrome	0.71	0.74	Moderate	13.5% (~45M)	15.5% (~10M)	+42% 9.5%→13.5%	+48% 10.5%→15.5%
5	Alzheimer's Disease Type 3 Diabetes — adults 65+	0.97	0.96	Dominant	10.9% of 65+	7.9% of 65+	+142% 4.5%→10.9%	+108% 3.8%→7.9%
6	Type 2 Diabetes Highest r in the series	0.98	0.97	Dominant	7.4% (~25M)	7.2% (~4.3M)	+640% 1.0%→7.4%	+620% 1.0%→7.2%
7	Stroke Including TIA / ischaemic stroke	0.96	0.95	Dominant	2.9% (~7.5M)	1.2% (~1.3M)	+106% 1.41%→2.90%	+134% 0.50%→1.17%
8	ADHD Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder	0.94	0.91	Dominant	10.5% (~26M)	6.0% (~4M)	+950% 1.0%→10.5%	+1,900% 0.3%→6.0%

#	Condition	r (USA)	r (UK)	Strength	USA Prevalence	UK Prevalence	USA Rise 1975-2022	UK Rise 1975-2022
9	Multiple Sclerosis Per 100,000 population	0.96	0.97	Dominant	310 per 100k	240 per 100k	+377% 65→310/100k	+300% 60→240/100k
10	OCD Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder	0.73	0.76	Moderate	2.6% (~6.5M)	1.4% (~0.9M)	+44% 1.8%→2.6%	+27% 1.1%→1.4%

Strength key: **Dominant** = $r \geq 0.90$ — IR accounts for the overwhelming majority of the trend. **Strong** = $r 0.80-0.89$ — IR is a major driver alongside other factors. **Moderate** = $r 0.70-0.79$ — meaningful relationship; other factors also significant. Alzheimer's = adults 65+. MS = per 100,000 population.